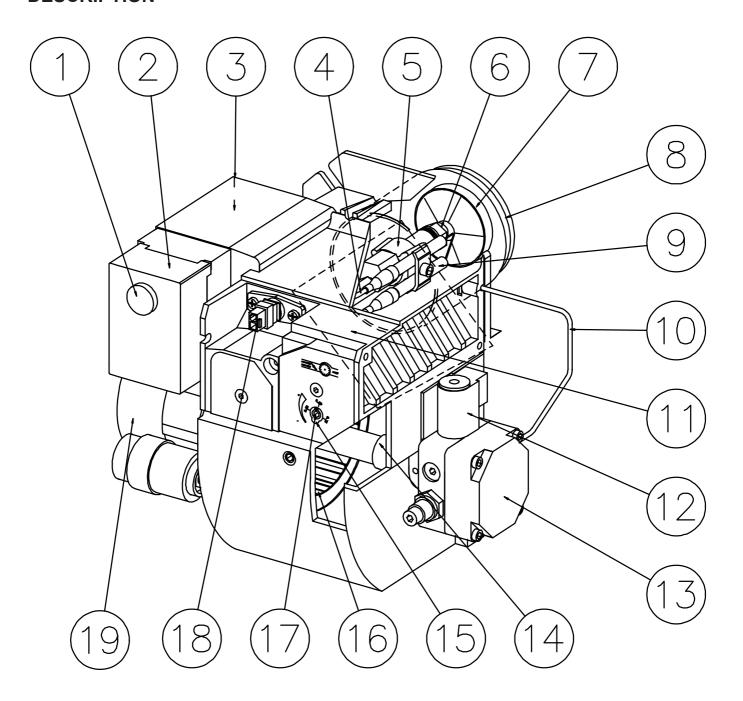


Installation & Maintenance Manual

ST 130

Oil Burner

DESCRIPTION



COMPONENTS

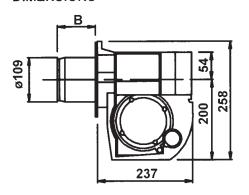
- 1. Reset button
- 2. Control box
- 3. Ignition transformer
- 4. Ignition cables
- 5. Nozzle assembly
- 6. Nozzle
- 7. Brake plate

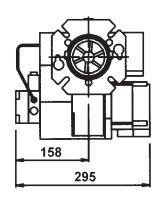
- 8. Blast tube
- 9. Ignition electrodes
- 10. Connecting pipe
- 11. Air damper
- 12. Solenoid valve
- 13. Pump

- 14. Drive coupling
- 15. Indication, air damper
- 16. Fan wheel
- 17. Adjustment, air damper
- 18. Photoresistor
- 19. Motor

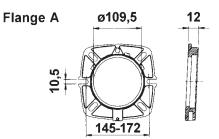
TECHNICAL DATA

Type ST 130 DIMENSIONS





MOUNTING DETAILS



Drill and tap 2 x M8 holes on the horizontal centre line or 4 x M8 holes at 45 degrees

Burnertube	Length of burner tube	Incl. flange A Measure B
	111	88
	163	140
	263	240

Oil ca	apacity	Output	Recommen	ded nozzle	Recommended pump pressure
kg	/hr. kW	Btu/hr.	Angle	Туре	Bar
5.0-	-13.3 60 - 157.	7 204,000-538,000	60°	S	Gas oil min 12 Kerosene max 8

Calculated with calorific value of 11.86 kWh = 1 kg oil

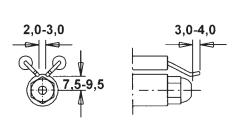
RECOMMENDED NOZZLE

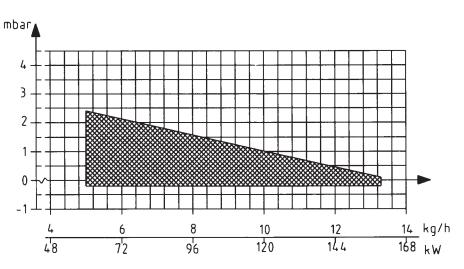
Because of different boiler types existing on the market, with varying combustion chamber designs, it is not

possible to state a definite spray angle or spray pattern.

Note that the spray angle and the spray pattern change with the pump pressure.

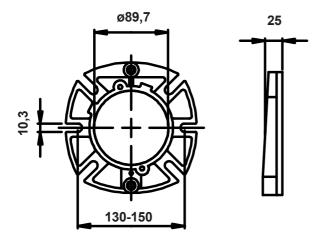
ELECTRODE ADJUSTMENT



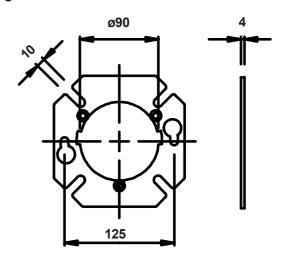


TECHNICAL DATA DIMENSIONS

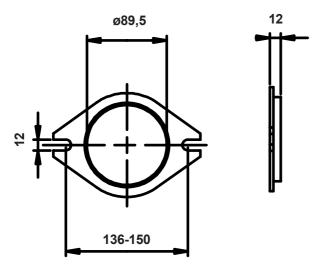
Flange A



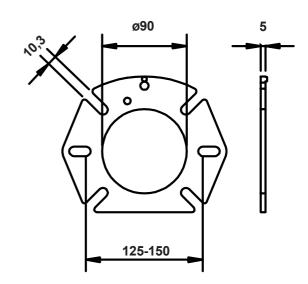
Flange C



Flange B



Flange D



GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL RULES

The installation of an oil burner should be carried out in accordance with local regulations. The installer of the burner must therefore be aware of all regulations relating to oil and combustion.

Only oil suitable for the burner should be used and then in combination with a suitable oil filter before the oil pump of the burner.

If the burner is replacing an existing burner make sure that the oil filter is replaced or cleaned. The installation must only be undertaken by experienced personnel.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

General installation instructions accompany the burner and should be left in a prominent place adjacent to the burner.

ADJUSTMENT OF BURNER

The burner is from the factory pre-set to an average value that must then be adjusted to the boiler in question.

All burner adjustments must be made in accordance with boiler manufacturers instructions. These must include the checking of flue gas temperatures, average water temperature and CO₂ or O₂ concentration.

To adjust the combustion device, start by increasing the air volume somewhat. When the burner starts it is burning with excess air and smoke number 0. Reduce the air volume until soot occurs and increase again to reach a combustion free of soot.

By this procedure an optimum adjustment is obtained. If larger nozzles are used the preadjustment of the air volume must be increased.

CONDENSATION IN CHIMNEY

A modern burner works with less excess air and often also with smaller nozzles than older models. This increases the efficiency but also the risk of condensation in the chimney. The risk increases if the area of the chimney flue is too large. The temperature of the flue gases should exceed 60°C measured 0,5 metres from the chimney top.

Measures to raise the temperature: Insulate the chimney in cold attics Install a tube in the chimney Install a draught regulator (dilutes the flue gases during operation and dries them up during standstill) Increase the oil quantity

Raise the flue gas temperature by removing turbulators, if any, in the boiler

.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

The end user of the burner should be instructed about the operation and safety features of the burner.

He should also be made aware of the importance of the area around the boiler/burner being kept free of combustible material.

PUMP ADJUSTMENT

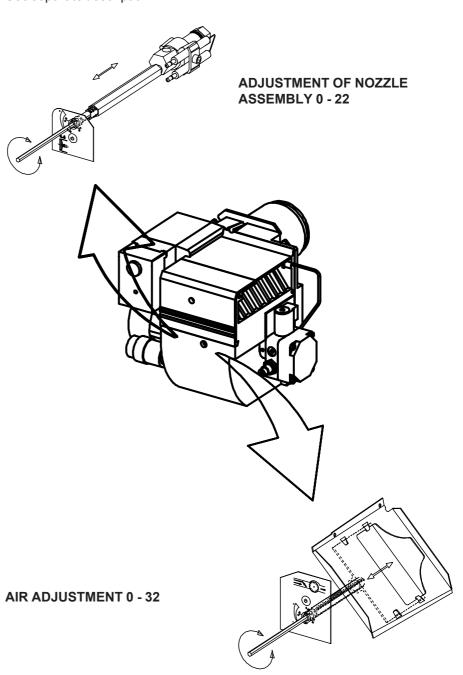
See separate description.

ADJUSTMENT OF BURNER

To obtain a correct adjustment a flue gas analysis and a temperature measurement must be carried out. Otherwise there is a risk that a bad adjustment may cause a formation of soot, bad efficiency or condensate in the chimney.

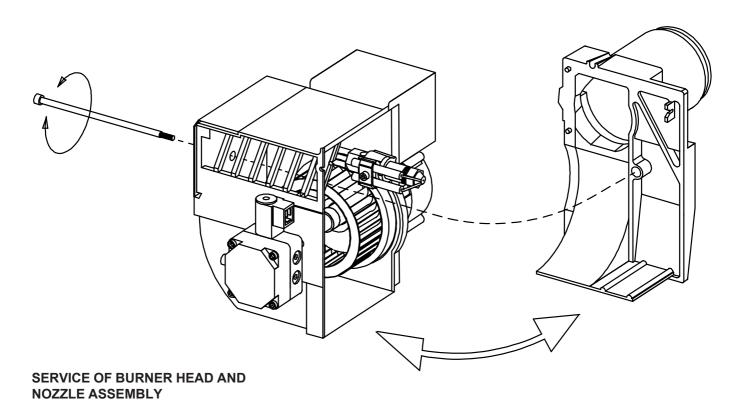
MAINTENANCE

The boiler/burner should be examined regularly for any signs of malfunction or oil leakage.



MAINTENANCE OF OIL BURNER

Warning: Before doing any service switch off power at the main switch and cut off the oil supply.



ELECTRIC EQUIPMENT

OIL BURNER CONTROL: SATRONIC TF 830B/TF 830B.2B

FUNCTION

- 1. Switch on operating switch and twin thermostat
 The burner motor starts, an ignition spark is formed, the prepurge goes
 on till the prepurge period expires and the solenoid valve opens (2).
- 2. Solenoid valve opens

Oil mist is formed and ignited. The photocell indicates a flame

- 3. The safety time expires
 - a. If no flame is established before this time limit the control cuts out.
 - b. If for some reasons the flame disappears after this time limit, the burner will make an attempt to re-start.
- 4. Ignition spark goes out

The ignition spark goes out 20 s. after flame indication and the burner is in operating position.

4-5. Operating position

If the burner operation is interrupted by means of the main switch or the thermostat, a new start takes place when the conditions in accordance with point 1 are fulfilled.

The oil burner control cuts out

A red lamp in the control is lit. Press the reset button and the burner re-starts

LIST OF COMPONENTS

- A1 Oil burner control
- M1 Burner motor
- R1 Photocell
- T1 Ignition transformer
- Y1 Solenoid valve
- X1 Plug-in contact, burner
- S1 Spare terminal

Mains connection and fuses in accordance with local regulations.

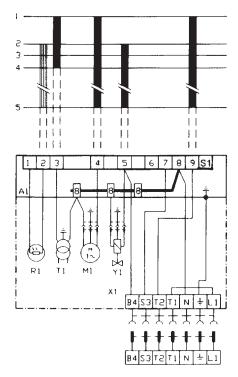
TECHNICAL DATA

Pre-ignition time:	12 s
Pre-purge time:	12 s
Safety lock-out time:	10 s
Post-ignition time:	20 s
Reset time after lockout:	min. 60 s
Reaction time on flame failure:	max. 1 s
Ambient temperature:	from - 0 to +60°C
Min. current with flame established:	24μΑ
Enclosure:	IP 44
(Under voltage proof only TF 830B.2B)	

CONTROLL OF PHOTO CURRENT

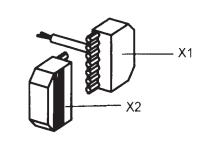
Current through photo unit is measured with a d.c. ammeter (a moving coil instrument connected in series with the photo unit).

WIRING DIAGRAM



Plug-in contact burner/boiler

OUTER ELECTRICAL CONNECTION



INSTRUCTIONS PUMP TYPE DANFOSS BFP11

TECHNICAL DATA

Viscosity range: 1,3-12,0 mm²/s Pressure range: 7-15 bar Oil temperature: -10 to +70°C

2 1 3 5 8

COMPONENTS

- 1. Nozzle port R 1/8"
- 2. Pressure gauge port
- 3. Pressure adjustment, 4mm allen key
- 5. Vacuum gauge port R 1/8"
- 6. Return line R 1/4"
- 7. Suction line R 1/4"
- 8. Return plug

SUCTION LINE TABLES

The suction line tables consist of theoretically calculated values where the pipe dimensions and oil velocity have been matched so that turbulences will not occur. Such turbulences will result in increased pressure losses and in acoustic noise in the pipe system. In addition to drawn copper piping a pipe system usually comprises 4 elbows, a non-return valve, a cut-off valve and an external oil filter.

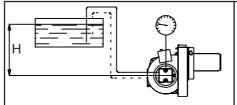
The sum of these individual resistances is so insignificant that they can be disregarded. The tables do not include any lengths exceeding 100 m as experience shows that longer lengths are not needed.

The tables apply to a standard fuel oil of normal commercial quality according to current standards. On commissioning with an empty tube system the oil pump should not be run without oil for more than 5 min. (a condition is that the pump is being lubricated during operation).

The tables state the total suction line length in metres at a nozzle capacity of 2,5 kg/h. Max. permissible pressure at the suction and pressure side is 2,0 bar.

PURGING

On 1-pipe systems it is necessary to purge the pump. On 2-pipe systems purging is automatic through the return line.

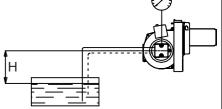


1-pipe system

Height	Pi	pe diamet	er
Н	ø4 mm	ø5 mm	ø6 mm
m	m	m	m
4,0	51	100	100
3,5	45	100	100
3,0	38	94	100
2,5	32	78	100
2,0	26	62	100
1,5	19	47	97
1,0	13	31	65
0,5	6	16	32
T			

Two-pipe system

i wo-pip	esystem										
Height	Pipe diameter										
Н	ø6 mm	ø8 mm	ø10 mm								
m	m	m	m								
4,0	33	100	100								
3,5	31	98	100								
3,0	29	91	100								
2,5	27	85	100								
2,0	25	79	100								
1,5	23	72	100								
1,0	21	66	100								
0,5	19	60	92								



1-pipe system

Height	Pi	pe diamet	er
Н	ø4 mm	ø5 mm	ø6 mm
m	m	m	m

With an underlying tank a 1-pipesystem is not recommended

Two-pip	e system						
Height	Pi	pe diamet	ter				
H	ø6 mm	ø8 mm	ø10 mm				
m	m	m	m				
0	17	53	100				
-0,5	15	47	100				
-1,0	13	41	99				
-1,5	11	34	84				
-2,0	9	28	68				
-2,5	7	22	53				
-3,0	5	15	37				
-3,5	3	9	22				
4.0	1	3	6				

FUNCTION DANFOSS BFP11

When the oil pump is started, oil is drawn from the suction connection (S) through the filter (H) to the suction side of the gear wheel (C).

The gear wheel then pumps oil to the pressure side and the oil is put under pressure.

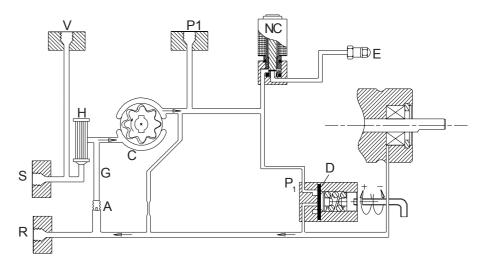
The pressure is controlled and kept constant at the set value by the regulating valve (P₁) with the diaphragm (D).

The regulating valve (P_1) distributes the oil quantity supplied by the gear set (C) between the nozzle port (E) and the return side of the pump (R).

The oil quantity utilized is determined by the set pressure on the regulating valve (P_1) and the size of the oil nozzle in the nozzle line.

The valve (P_1) functions in the following way:

 When the opening pressure has been reached, the passage to the return side opens.



- The diaphragm and the spring keep the pump pressure constant at set value.
- If the pump is overloaded, i.e. if you try to get out more oil than the gear set can supply under existing circumstances, the oil pressure falls below the set value and the valve closes

against the return side (R) by means of the diaphragm (D) and goes into starting position.

This can be remedied by:

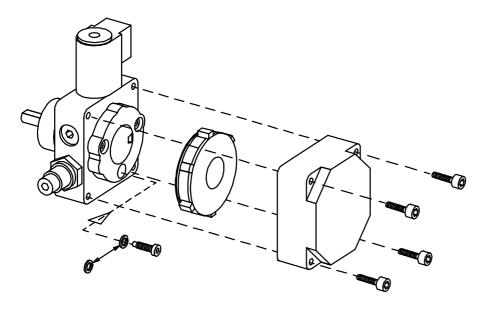
- Reducing the pump pressure.
- Reducing the oil quantity supplied by using a smaller nozzle.
- Using a pump with a larger capacity.

In case of one-pipe operation the horseshoe-shaped washer will be mounted under the screw head, and in case of two-pipe operation, the horse-shoeshaped washer will be removed.

The horse-shoe-shaped washer will be introduced in all BFP 11-pumps .

To minimize the leak between cover plate and pump housing when running one-pipe operation, the changeover screw will be mounted generally. But in order for the return oil in the pump to be able to flow freely to the suction side, a horse-shoe-shaped washer will be mounted under the screw.

REPLACEMENT OF CARTRIDGE FILTER, MOUNTING/DISMOUNTING RETURN PLUG



NOZZLETABLE Pump pressure bar

Gph		8			9			10		11			12		13		14			15				
	kg/h	kW	Mcal/h	kg/h	kW	Mcal/h	kg/h	kW ľ	//cal/h	kg/h	kW	Mcal/h												
0,40	1,33	16	13	1,41	17	14	1,49	18	15	1,56	18	16	1,63	19	17	1,70	20	17	1,76	21	18	1,82	21	18
0,50	1,66	20	17	1,76	21	18	1,86	22	19	1,95	23	20	2,04	24	21	2,12	25	22	2,20	26	22	2,28	27	23
0,60	2,00	24	20	2,12	25	22	2,23	26	23	2,34	28	24	2,45	29	25	2,55	30	26	2,64	31	27	2,73	32	28
0,65	2,16	26	22	2,29	27	23	2,42	29	25	2,54	30	26	2,65	31	27	2,75	33	28	2,86	34	29	2,96	35	30
0,75	2,49	29	25	2,65	31	27	2,79	33	28	2,93	35	30	3,08	36	31	3,18	38	32	3,30	39	34	3,42	40	35
0,85		33	29	3,00	36	31	3,16	37	32	3,32	39	34	3,47	41	35	3,61	43	37	3,74	44	38	3,87	46	39
1,00	3,33	39	34	3,53	42	36	3,72	44	38	3,90	46	40	4,08	48	42	4,24	50	43	4,40	52	45	4,56	54	46
1,10		43	37	3,88	46	39	4,09	48	42	4,29	51	44	4,48	53	46	4,67	55	48	4,84	57	49	5,01	59	51
1,20	3,99	47	41	4,24	50	43	4,47	53	46	4,68	55	48	4,89	58	50	5,09	60	52	5,29	63	54	5,47	65	56
1,25	4,16	49	42	4,40	52	45	4,65	55	47	4,88	58	50	5,10	60	52	5,30	63	54	5,51	65	56	5,70	68	58
1,35		53	46	4,76	56	48	5,02	59	51	5,27	62	54	5,50	65	56	5,73	68	58	5,95	70	61	6,15	73	63
1,50	4,98	59	51	5,29	63	54	5,58	66	57	5,85	69	60	6,11	72	62	6,36	75	65	6,60	78	67	6,83	81	70
1,65		65	56	5,82	69	59	6,14	73	63	6,44	76	66	6,73	80	69	7,00	83	71	7,27	86	74	7,52	89	77
1,75		69	59	6,18	73	63	6,51	77	66	6,83	81	70	7,14	85	73	7,42	88	76	7,71	91	79	7,97	94	81
2,00		79	68	7,06	84	72	7,45	88	76	7,81	93	80	8,18	97	83	8,49	101	86	8,81	104	90	9,12	108	93
2,25		89	76	7,94	94	81	8,38	99	85	8,78	104	89	9,18	109	94	9,55	113	97	9,91	117	101	10,26	122	105
2,50	,	99	85	8,82	105	90	9,31	110	95	9,76	116	99	10,19	121	104	10,61	126	108	11,01	130	112	11,39	135	116
2,75	,	108	93	9,71	115	99	10,24	121	104	10,73	127	109	11,21	133	114	11,67	138	119	12,11	144	123	12,53	148	128
1	9,98	118	102	10,59	126	108	11,16	132	114	11,71	139	119	12,23	145	125	12,73	151	130	13,21	157	135	13,67	162	139
	11,65	138	119	12,35	146	126	13,03	154	133	13,66	162	139	14,27	169	145	14,85	176	151	15,42	183	157	15,95	189	163
1 .	13,31	158	136	14,12	167	144	14,89	176	152	15,62	185	159	16,31	193	166	16,97	201	173	17,62	209	180	18,23	216	186
1 '	14,97	177	153	15,88	188	162	16,75	198	171	17,57	208	179	18,35	217	187	19,10	226	195	19,82	235	202	20,51	243	209
1 '	16,64	197	170	17,65	209	180	18,62	221	190	19,52	231	199	20,39	242	208	21,22	251	216	22,03	261	225	22,79	270	232
5,50	18,30	217	187	19,42	230	198	20,48	243	209	21,47	255	219	22,43	266	229	23,34	277	238	24,23	287	247	25,07	297	256
1 '	19,97	237	204	21,18	251	216	22,34	265	228	23,42	278	239	24,47	290	249	25,46	302	260	26,43	313	269	27,49	326	280
1 '	21,63	256	220	22,94	272	234	24,20	287	247	25,37	301	259	26,51	314	270	27,58	327	281	28,63	339	292	29,63	351	302
1 '	23,29	276	237	24,71	293	252	26,06	309	266	27,33	324	279	28,55	338	291	29,70	352	303	30,84	366	314	31,91	378	325
1 '	24,96	296	254	26,47	314	270	27,92	331	285	29,28	347	298	30,59	363	312	31,83	377	324	33,04	392	337	34,19	405	349
1 '	26,62	316	271	28,24	335	288	29,79	353	304	31,23	370	318	32,63	387	333	33,95	403	346	35,25	418	359	36,47	432	372
	28,28	335	288	30,00	356	306	31,65	375	323	33,18	393	338	34,66	411	353	36,07	428	368	37,45	444	382	38,74	459	395
9,00	29,95	355	305	31,77	377	324	33,59	398	342	35,14	417	358	36,71	435	374	38,19	453	389	39,65	470	404	41,02	486	418

The table applies to oil with a viscosity of 4,4 mm²/s (cSt) with density 830 kg/m³.

BURNER WITH PREHEATER

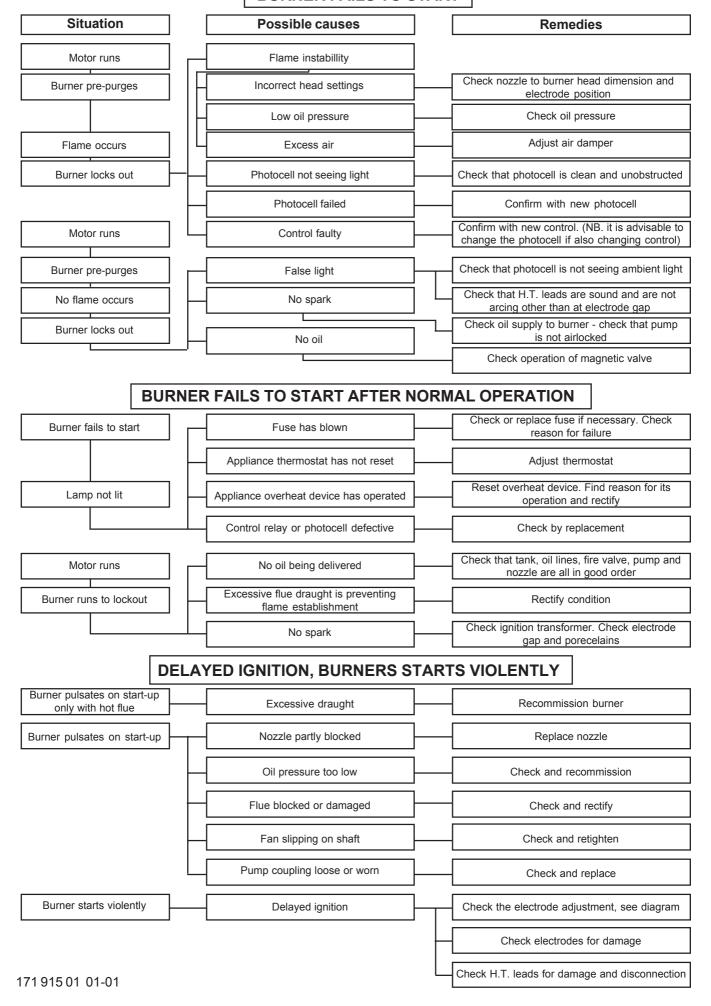
Consider that on preheating the oil quantity is reduced by 5-20% depending on.

- Rise in temperature at the nozzle
- Design of nozzle
- Capacity (high capacity small difference)

171 505 44 00-01

FAULT LOCATION

BURNER FAILS TO START



NOTES

NOTES

Enertech Limited, P O Box 1, Vines Lane Droitwich, Worcestershire, WR9 8NA

